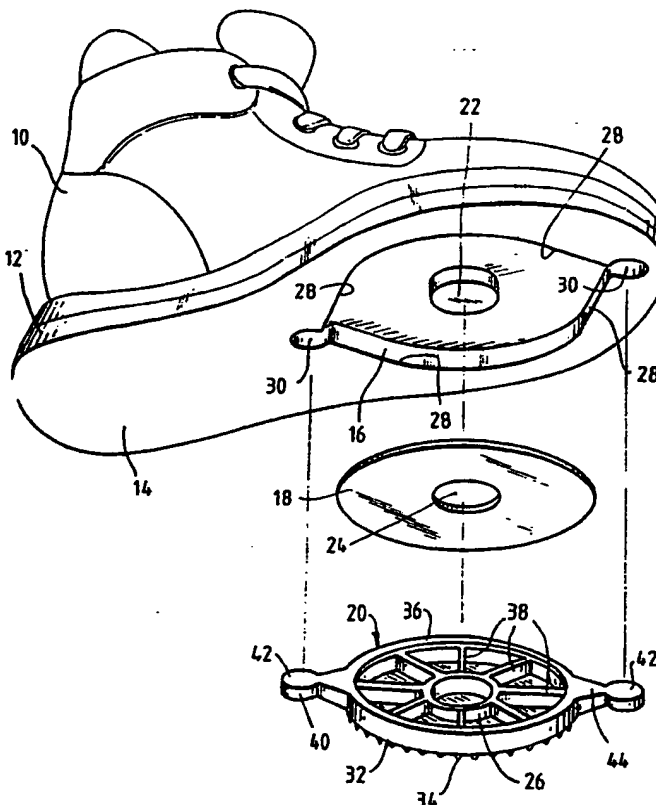


<b>(51) International Patent Classification <sup>5</sup> :</b> <b>A43B 5/00, 5/02, 13/14</b> <b>A43B 13/26, 13/22</b>	<b>A1</b>	<b>(11) International Publication Number:</b>	<b>WO 92/10954</b>
		<b>(43) International Publication Date:</b>	<b>9 July 1992 (09.07.92)</b>

**(81) Designated States:** AT (European patent), AU, BB, BE (European patent), BF (OAPI patent), BG, BJ (OAPI patent), BR, CA, CF (OAPI patent), CG (OAPI patent), CH (European patent), CI (OAPI patent), CM (OAPI patent), CS, DE (European patent), DK (European patent), ES (European patent), FI, FR (European patent), GA (OAPI patent), GB (European patent), GN (OAPI patent), GR (European patent), HU, IT (European patent), JP, KP, KR, LK, LU (European patent), MC (European patent), MG, ML (OAPI patent), MN, MR (OAPI patent), MW, NL (European patent), NO, PL, RO, SD, SE (European patent), SN (OAPI patent), SU\*, TD (OAPI patent), TG (OAPI patent), US.

**With international search report.  
With amended claims.**

An article of footwear (10) having a sole (12) with a lower surface (14) and a recess (16) in the lower surface (14); a turntable (20) is mounted in the recess (16) for rotational movement relative to the sole (12) but joined thereto by projections (40) located in recesses (30) in the sole (12).



# + DESIGNATIONS OF "SU"

Any designation of "SU" has effect in the Russian Federation. It is not yet known whether any such designation has effect in other States of the former Soviet Union.

## FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

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## IMPROVEMENTS IN FOOTWEAR

This invention relates to footwear and refers particularly, though not exclusively, to footwear having a portion of the sole on the outer surface thereof provided with a relatively rotatable member.

5           The ever-increasing incidence of major injuries people active in sports is of great concern to orthopaedic surgeons. Many of the most traumatic injuries occur during the act of twisting or turning. If the foot is for some reason held rigid, dramatic injuries can occur to the knee, groin, ankle or skeletal parts. In some instances, the injuries are so  
10       traumatic that extensive surgery is required, long recuperative periods necessary, and the ability of the person to play the sport again is either eliminated, significantly reduced or delayed considerably.

          Part of the problem relates to modern footwear design where the use of special materials and tread patterns on the soles of  
15       shoes, particularly in relation to sports such as basketball, netball, football and soccer, means that when the foot is firmly upon the surface, it is very difficult to twist. This has contributed to rather major knee injuries.

          It is therefore the principal object of the present invention  
20       to provide footwear where on the outer surface of the sole there is provided a relatively rotatable member.

          With the above and other objects in mind the present invention provides an article of footwear having a sole, said sole having a lower surface, there being a recess in said lower surface, and a  
25       turntable mounted in said recess rotatable relative to said sole.

          In order that the present invention may be readily understood there shall now be described preferred constructions of articles of footwear incorporating the principal features of the present invention, the description being by way of non-limitative example only  
30       and being with reference to the accompanying illustrative drawings. In the drawings:

          Figure 1 is an exploded perspective view of a first embodiment of the present invention when viewed from below;

          Figure 2 is a view corresponding to Figure 1 but in the

- 2 -

assembled position;

Figure 3 is an underneath view of the ball portion of the embodiment of Figure 2;

5 Figure 4 is a view corresponding to Figure 3 but in the relatively rotated position;

Figure 5 is a view corresponding to Figure 3 but being an end elevation view;

Figure 6 is a view corresponding to Figure 1 but of a second embodiment;

10 Figure 7 is a view corresponding to Figure 6 but with all components assembled;

Figure 8 is a cross sectional view (partial) along the lines and in the direction of arrows 8-8 of Figure 7;

15 Figure 9 is a perspective view corresponding to that of Figure 1 but of a third embodiment;

Figure 10 is a view corresponding to that of Figure 1, but of a fourth embodiment; and

Figure 11 is a view corresponding to that of Figure 1 but of a fifth embodiment;

20 To first refer to the embodiment shown in Figures 1 through to 5, there is shown an article of footwear 10 having a sole 12 with a lower surface 14. The lower surface 14 has a recess generally designated as 16 into which is intended to be located a disc 18 and a turntable 20.

25 To particularly refer to Figure 1, the recess generally designated as 16 is substantially circular and of a height slightly less than the height of the turntable 20. It has a central lug 22 which serves to locate both the disc 18 by virtue of the central aperture 24 and the turntable 20 by virtue of a cylindrical projection 26 on the undersurface thereof. The recess 16 is approximately circular although there are four  
30 flats generally designated as 28, the purpose of which will be understood from the following description. The flats 28 are arranged in pairs on either side of an approximately circular recess 30, there being two such

- 3 -

recesses 30. The recesses 30 are diametrically opposed and are normally, or preferably, arranged with one at the toe and one towards the heel.

5 The purpose of the disc 18 is to assist in the rotation of the turntable 20 relative to the sole 12. The turntable 20 comprises a flat lower surface 32 having a tread pattern 34 embossed thereon. It has side walls 36 which are of a height approximately the same as the height of the recess 16. As is explained above, there is a cylindrical aperture or recess 26 on the upper surface of the turntable 20. From this there are a number of radial arms 38 extending to the side wall 36. The purpose of these arms 38 is to provide strength and stability. There are two diametrically opposed projections 40 which have at the outer ends thereof lugs 42 which are adapted to engage in the recesses 30. In this way, the turntable 20 can be located accurately in the recess 16. Linking the lugs 42 to the side walls 36 are link arms 44 which are substantially triangular in shape.

15 When assembled, the turntable 20 is located in the recess 16. The lugs 42 engage in recesses 30. This is clear from Figure 2. As is clear from Figure 5, the embossed surface 34 projects below surface 14 of sole 12. When in the rest position of Figure 3, the arms 44 extend approximately radially. However, upon a twist force being applied, the turntable 20 rotates relative to the sole 12. The central projection 22 provides the pivoting axis. However, the arms 44 provide a limit of rotational movement. As can be seen in Figure 4, a side of each of the arms 44 will contact the flat surface 28 to thus prevent any further movement. In fact, these arms 44 are made of an elastomeric material (of any known, suitable type) to provide progressive damping to the rotation so as to reduce the likelihood of injury to the knee. If there is any further rotational force, there may be a tendency to remove the lugs 42 from the recesses 30 and thus provide, in effect, a form of temporary or repairable destruction of the sole. This would prevent permanent and very difficult repair of the knee of the wearer. Naturally, in the event of going beyond the angle indicated in Figure 4 (approximately 30° of rotation) the item of footwear would have to be removed and the

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- 4 -

turntable 20 placed back into position correctly. If the angle of rotation was of that shown in Figure 4 or less, upon the rotational force being removed, the turntable would resume the position shown in Figure 3.

5 A variation of this is shown in Figures 6 to 8. The particular article of footwear 210 in this instance is clearly one which is intended to be used on a sporting field and therefore represents an item such as a soccer, football or rugby boot. As is customary, like parts will be described using similar reference numerals as for the embodiment of Figures 1 through to 5, but with the addition of the prefix number 2  
10 indicating the second embodiment. Again in this instance the boot 210 has a sole 212 with a lower surface 214. In this particular instance there are a number of stops or sprigs 215 in the sole. The sole again has a recess generally designated as 216. In this particular instances no intermediate disc is required but there is a turntable 220. In this  
15 particular instance the recess 216 is somewhat similar to the recess 16 of Figure 1 to 5. It again has the central projection 222 but in addition has two arcuate ribs 250 extending in a circumferential manner around the central projection 222 but inside the recess 216. These stop short of the recesses 230, as will be understood from the following description. In  
20 addition, there is an undercut 252. Furthermore, although there are flats 218 in a similar manner to that of the embodiment of Figures 1 to 5, there are projections 254 on the flats which first of all assist in sealing of the turntable against unwanted ingress of mud, etc., and secondly provide for a continuous circular path for the side walls of the recess  
25 216. Again, the undercut 252 extends under the projections 254.

The turntable 220 is very much the same as the turntable 20 described in the embodiment of Figures 1 to 5. However, it has a peripheral rib 256 which is adapted to be a relatively tight fit in the undercut 252. In addition, the radial arms 238 are of a lesser height so  
30 that the ribs 250 will be able to be located under the turntable 220. This is clearly illustrated in Figure 8. The principal surface 232 of the turntable 20 does not have any embossed surface but again a number of

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

- 5 -

stops or sprigs 215 are provided to work in the usual manner.

5           The purpose of the ribs 250, undercut 252 and peripheral rib 256 is to provide, in effect, a form of sealing. Sporting grounds such as used for football, rugby and soccer have a great tendency to become muddy in the event of rain or other adverse weather conditions. By using this construction, the tendency for mud or other contaminants to get inside the recess 216 is at least reduced. The projections 254 allow the "sealing" effect to be continued for the maximum possible peripheral distance.

10           In this particular instance there are provided projections 260 which are adapted to be received in recesses 262 in the turntable 220 and in the recesses 230 in the sole 214. Again, lugs 242 are provided although in this instance there are lugs 242 at each end. However, the operation is still the same and thus upon there being rotation of the turntable 220, contact will be made with the straights 218 to prevent any further, unwanted movement. As a variation, it is possible to have the link members 260 made integral with the turntable 220.

15           A further variation is shown in the embodiment of Figure 9 and in this particular instance there is provided an item of footwear 310 having a sole 312 with a lower surface 314. A turntable 320 is provided located in a recess 316 in the sole 312. However, in this particular instance there is a single link member 360 separate from both the sole 312 as well as the turntable 320. The link member 360 is "dumbbell" shaped to fit into a recess 362 in turntable 320 and recess 330 in sole 314. Once again the use of a suitable elastomeric material will provide the required progressive damping effect. Furthermore, in the instance of excessive rotational movement, there may be a tendency for the link member 360 to be removed from either or both of the recesses 362 or 330; or for the member 360 to fracture. The member 360 could easily be re-inserted into the recesses 362 or 330; or replaced, if required.

25           In addition, the central projection 322 has a blind hold 364 therein to enable a fastener 366 to pass through a central aperture 368 in turntable 326 and to thus releasably secure the turntable 320 in recess

- 6 -

316. Both the hole 364 and fastener 366 may be threaded or, if desired, a "snap-fit" may be used.

Furthermore, the turntable 320 has an accurate slot 370 which cooperates with a curved lug 372 to limit the angular movement of the turntable 320 relative to the sole 314. This may also assist in limiting flexing of turntable 320.

This concept is further developed in the embodiment of Figure 11. Here, the shoe or boot 410 has a sole 412 with a lower surface 414. Again, a recess 416 is provided, with there being a central projection 422 which locates the turntable 420 in position via the central aperture 424. The turntable 420 is solid, as are the projections 440. The projections 440 engage in recesses 430. Two arcuate slots 474 are created in the turntable 420 but not extending therethrough. The slots 474 cooperate with lugs 476 to limit the angular movement of turntable 420 relative to sole 412. In addition, there is a circular outer groove 478 between the slots 474 and the periphery of turntable 420 and which cooperates with projections 480 in recess 416 to provide additional stability for turntable 420. The groove 478 may be undercut, and projections 480 headed, to assist this function. This would make the shoe 410 ideal for aerobics, running, basketball, football or the like, where twisting on hard surfaces was common.

The embodiment of Figure 9 has a shoe 510 with a sole 512 with a lower surface 514. A turntable 520 is provided located in a recess 516 in sole 512. However, there are link members 582 which are integral with both the sole 512 as well as the turntable 520. There are a number of link members 582 around the periphery of turntable 520. Once again, the use of a suitable elastomeric material will provide the required progressive clamping effect. In the instance of excessive rotation, link members 582 may be destroyed, thus making shoe 510 unusable.

Naturally, the various embodiments illustrated have various modifications. It may be possible to combine these in various ways for a particular item of footwear, if desired.

Whilst there has been described in the foregoing description



- 7 -

preferred constructions of items of footwear incorporating the principal features of the present invention, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that many variations or modifications in details of design or construction may be made that departing from the essential features of

5 the present invention.

**SUBSTITUTE SHEET**

- 8 -

The claims defining the invention are as follows:

1. An article of footwear having a sole, said sole having a lower surface; a recess in said lower surface, and a turntable in said recess rotatable relative to said sole.
- 5 2. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 1, wherein said turntable is operatively connected to said sole by at least one projection, said projection locating in a further recess in said sole.
3. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 2, wherein said at least one projection is integral with said turntable.
- 10 4. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 2, wherein said at least one projection is separate from both said turntable and said sole, said at least one projection locating in a shaped opening in said turntable.
5. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 4, wherein said at least one projection is "dumbbell" shaped in that it has two bulbous ends joined by a relatively narrow middle.
- 15 6. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 4 or claim 5, wherein there are two diametrically opposed projections.
7. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 6, wherein said at least one projection is made of an elastomeric material.
- 20 8. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 7, wherein said recess has a side wall, said side wall being substantially straight either side of said further recess.
9. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 8, wherein said side wall has an undercut to receive a peripheral projection on said turntable.
- 25 10. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 9, wherein said sole has a central lug projecting downwardly from said recess, said central lug being adapted to locate in an aperture in said turntable.
- 30 11. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 10, wherein said central lug has a blind hole therein, there being a fastener passing through said aperture and into said blind hole to attach said turntable

- 9 -

into said recess.

12. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 11, wherein said blind hold and said fastener are screw-threaded.

5 13. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 11, wherein said fastener is received in said blind hole in the manner of a snap fit.

14. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 13, wherein there is one said projection, said turntable having an arcuate slot therein cooperating with a curved lug projecting downwardly in said recess to limit the angular rotation of said turntable.

10 15. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein said turntable has two diametrically opposed slots therein, each slot cooperating with a lug projecting downwardly in said recess to limit the angular rotation of said turntable.

15 16. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 15, wherein said turntable has a circular slot therein cooperating with at least one retaining lug projecting downwardly in said recess to assist in retaining said turntable in said recess.

20 17. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 16, wherein there are a plurality of said projections around the periphery of said turntable, said projections being integral with said turntable and said sole.

18. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 17, wherein there is an intermediate disc above said turntable in said recess.

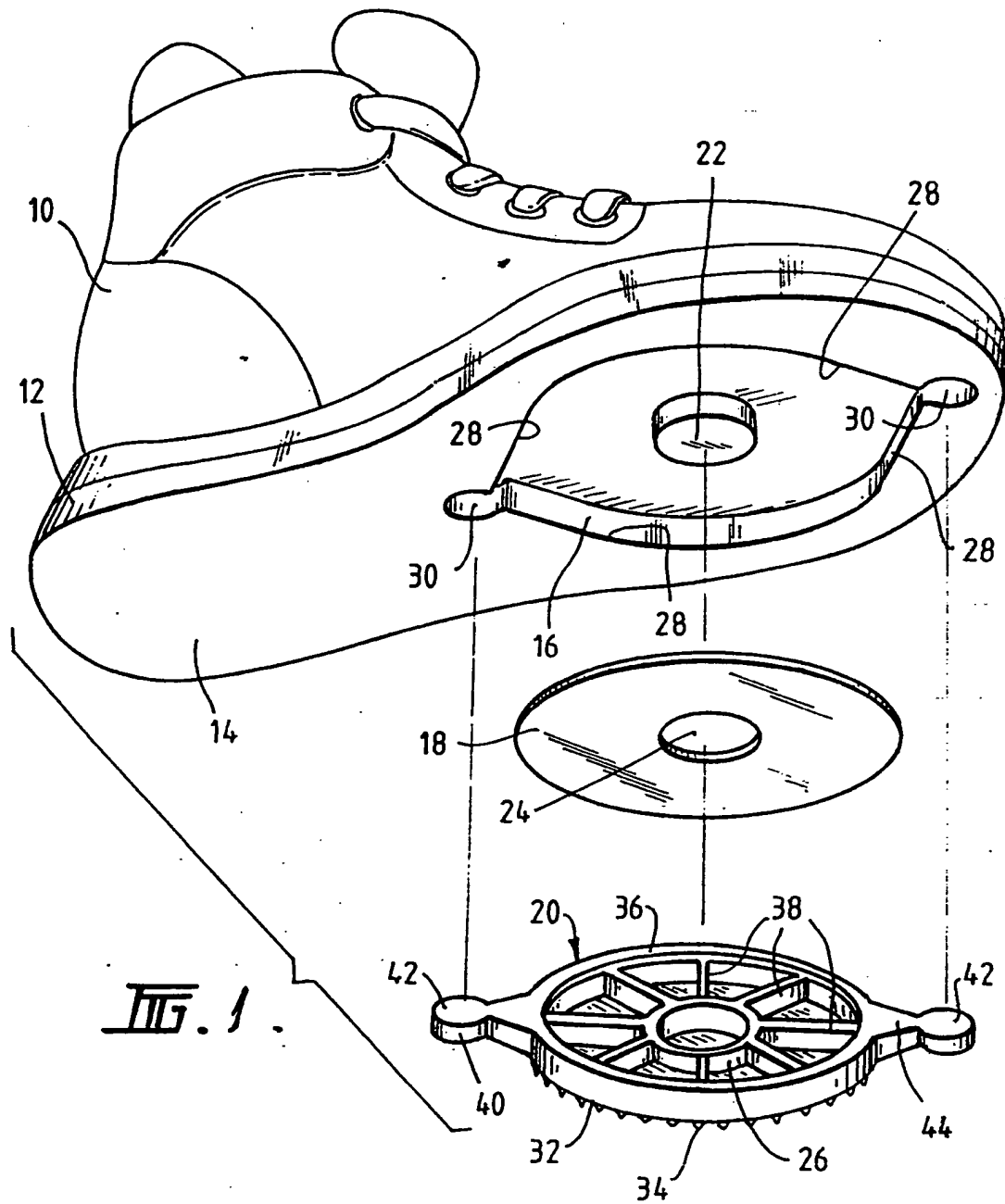
25 19. An article of footwear substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying illustrative drawings.

[received by the International Bureau on 26 May 1992 (26.05.92);  
original claims 1-19 replaced by amended claims  
1-18 (2 pages)]

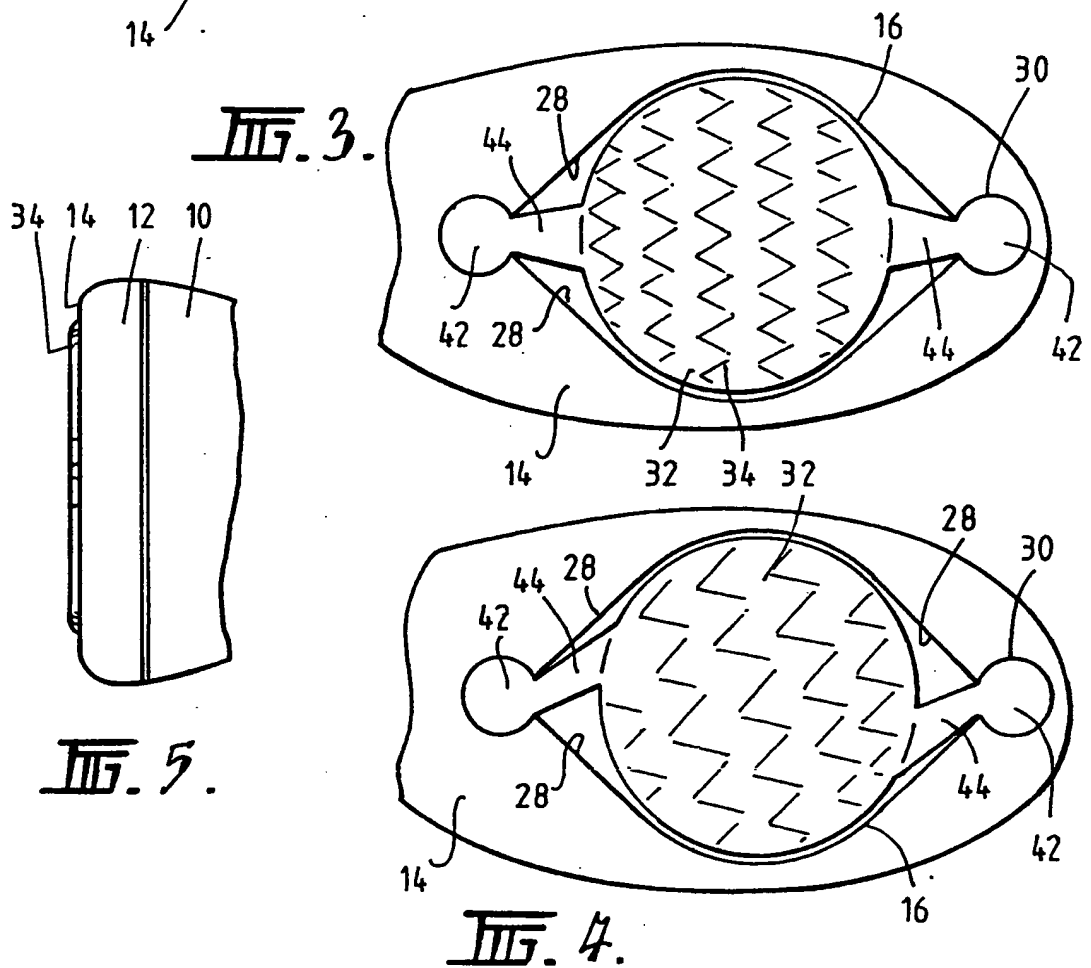
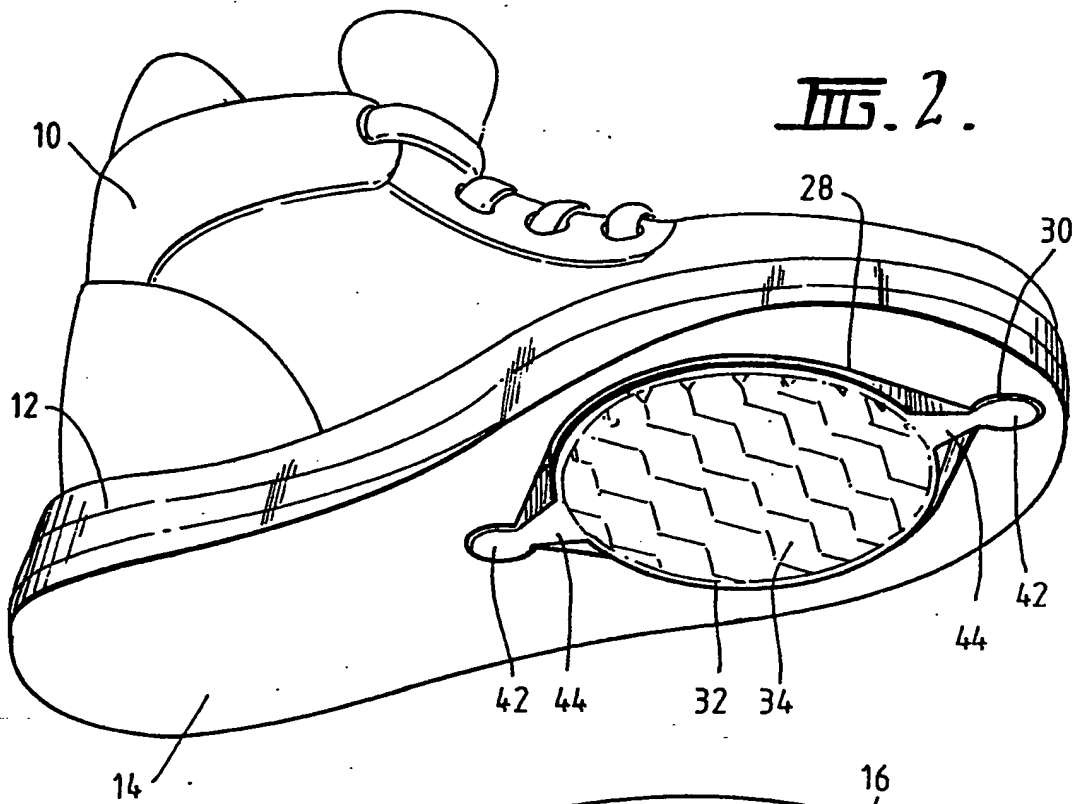
1. An article of footwear having a sole, said sole having a lower surface; a recess in said lower surface, and a turntable mounted in said recess for limited rotation relative to said sole; said turntable being operative connected to said sole by at least one projection of an elastomeric material so as to cause said turntable to return to a rest position, said at least one projection also limiting the degree of angular rotation of said turntable relative to said sole.
2. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 1, wherein said at least one projection is located in a further recess in said sole.
3. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 2, wherein said at least one projection is integral with said turntable.
4. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 2, wherein said at least one projection is separate from both said turntable and said sole, said at last one projection locating in a shaped opening in said turntable.
5. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 4, wherein said at least one projection is "dumbbell" shaped in that it has two bulbous ends joined by a relatively narrow middle.
6. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 4 or claim 5, wherein there are two diametrically opposed projections.
7. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 6, wherein said recess has a side wall, said side wall being substantially straight either side of said further recess.
8. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 7, wherein said side wall has an undercut to receive a peripheral projection on said turntable.
9. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 8, wherein said sole has a central lug projecting downwardly into said recess, said central lug being adapted to locate in an aperture in said turntable.
10. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 9, wherein said central lug has a blind

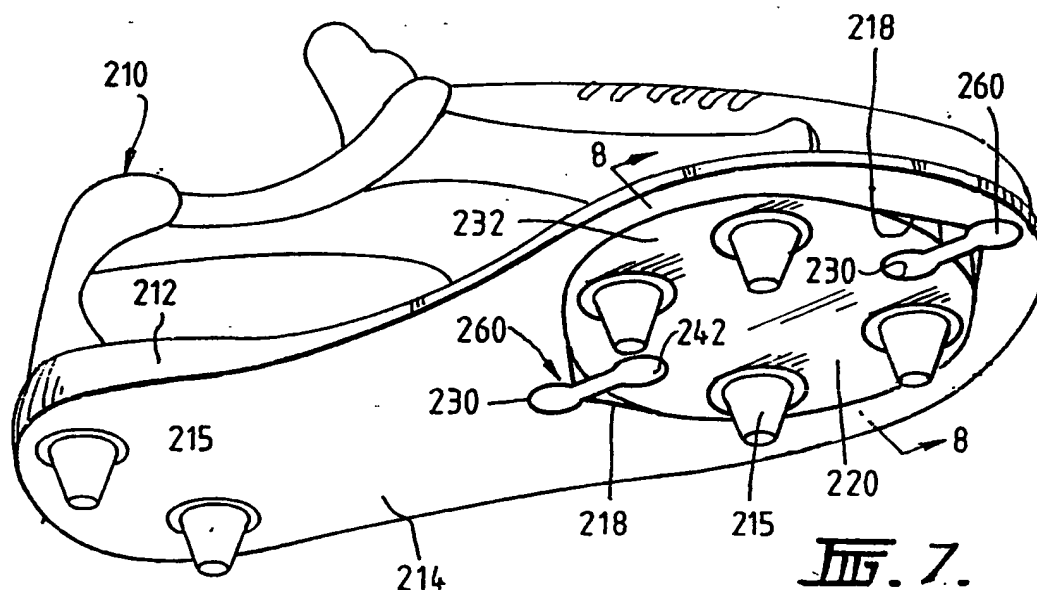
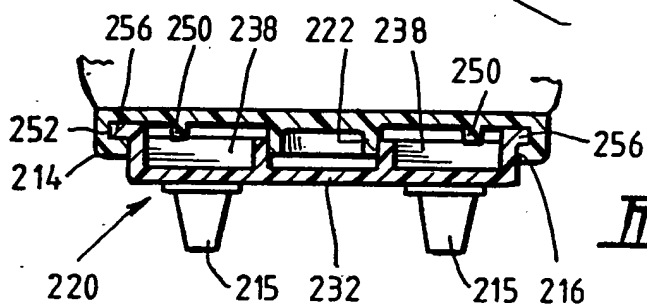
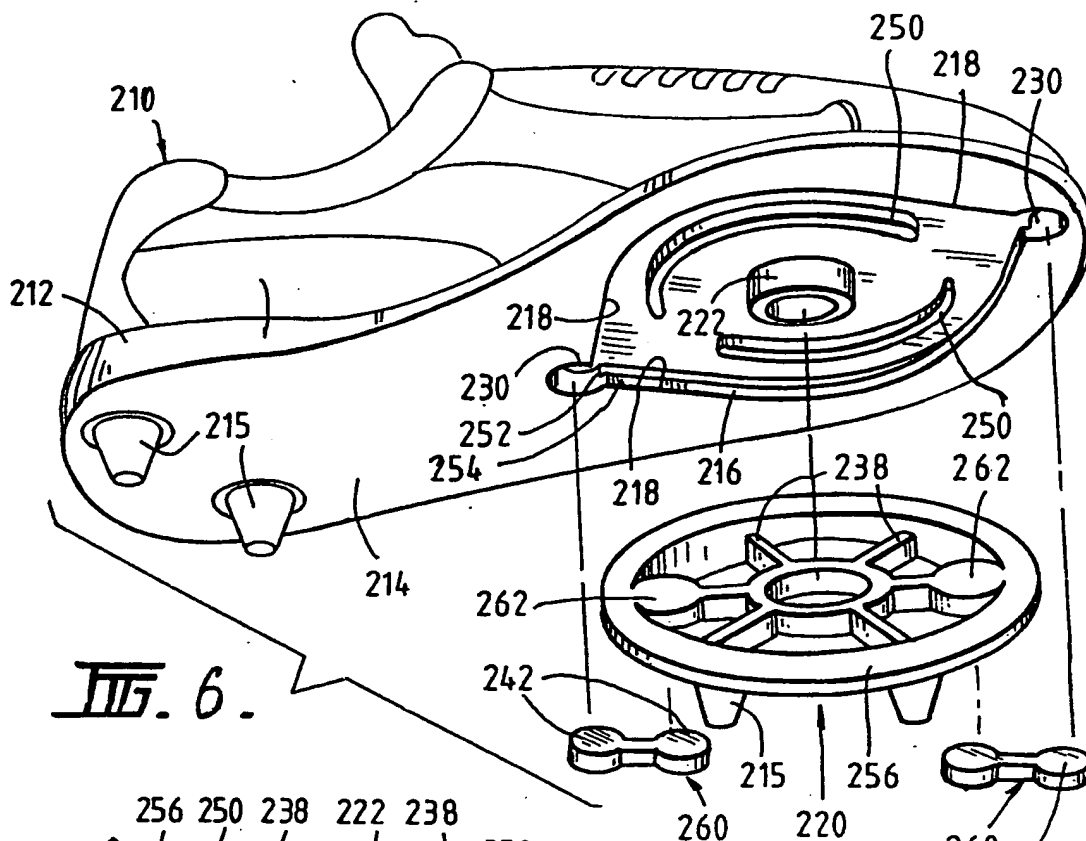
hole therein, there being a fastener passing through said aperture and into said blind hole to attach said turntable into said recess.

11. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 10, wherein said blind hold and said fastener are screw-threaded.
12. An article of footwear as claimed in claim 10, wherein said fastener is received in said blind hole in the manner of a snap fit.
13. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 13, wherein there is one said projection, said turntable having an arcuate slot therein cooperating with a curved lug projecting downwardly in said recess to limit the angular rotation of said turntable.
14. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 13, wherein said turntable has two diametrically opposed slots therein, each slot cooperating with a lug projecting downwardly in said recess to limit the angular rotation of said turntable.
15. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 15, wherein said turntable has a circular slot therein cooperating with at least one retaining lug projecting downwardly in said recess to assist in retaining said turntable in said recess.
16. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 2 to 16, wherein there are a plurality of said projections around the periphery of said turntable, said projections being integral with said turntable and said sole.
17. An article of footwear as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 17, wherein there is an intermediate disc above said turntable in said recess.
18. An article of footwear substantially as hereinbefore described with reference to the accompanying illustrative drawings.



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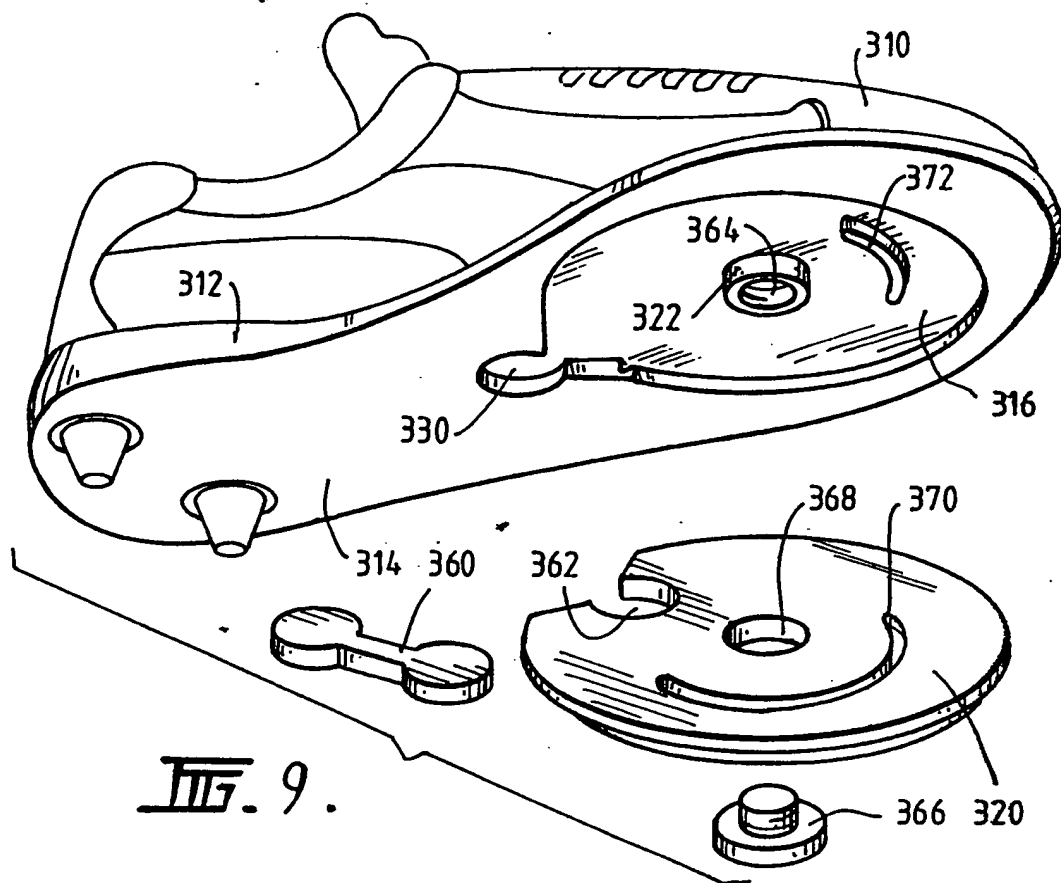


FIG. 9.

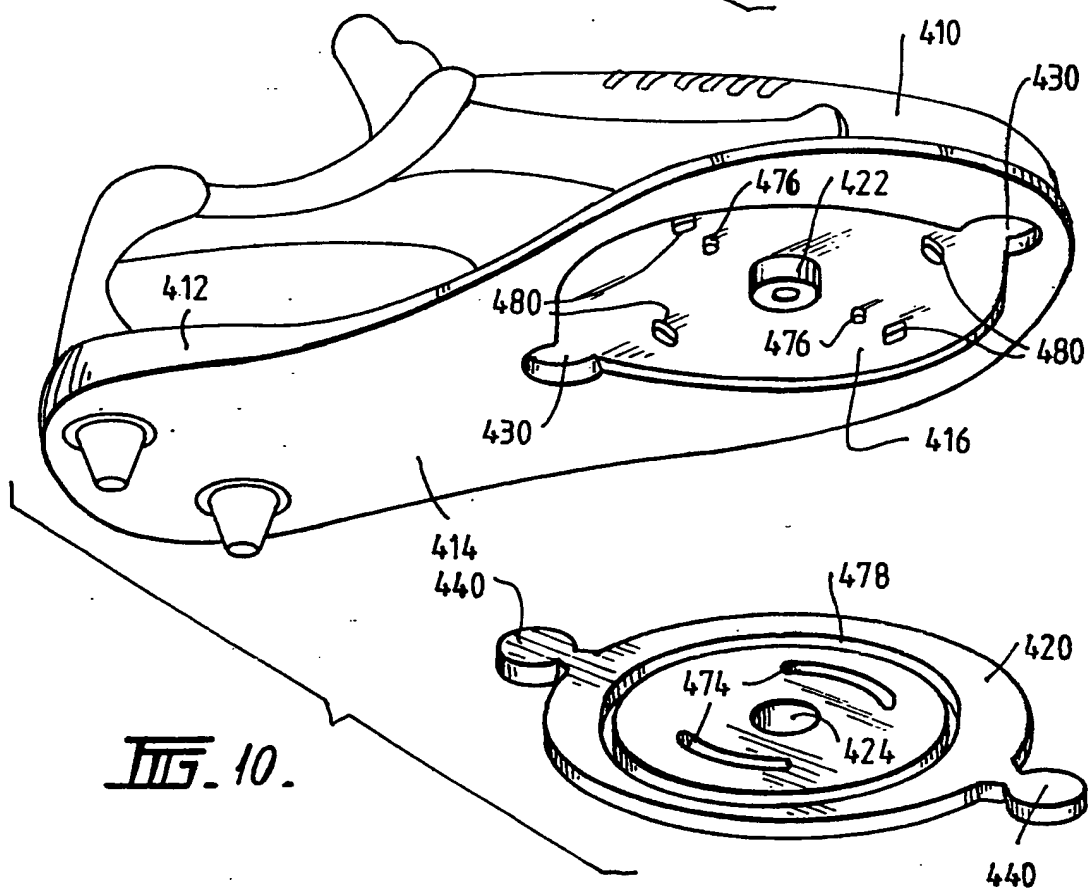


FIG. 10.

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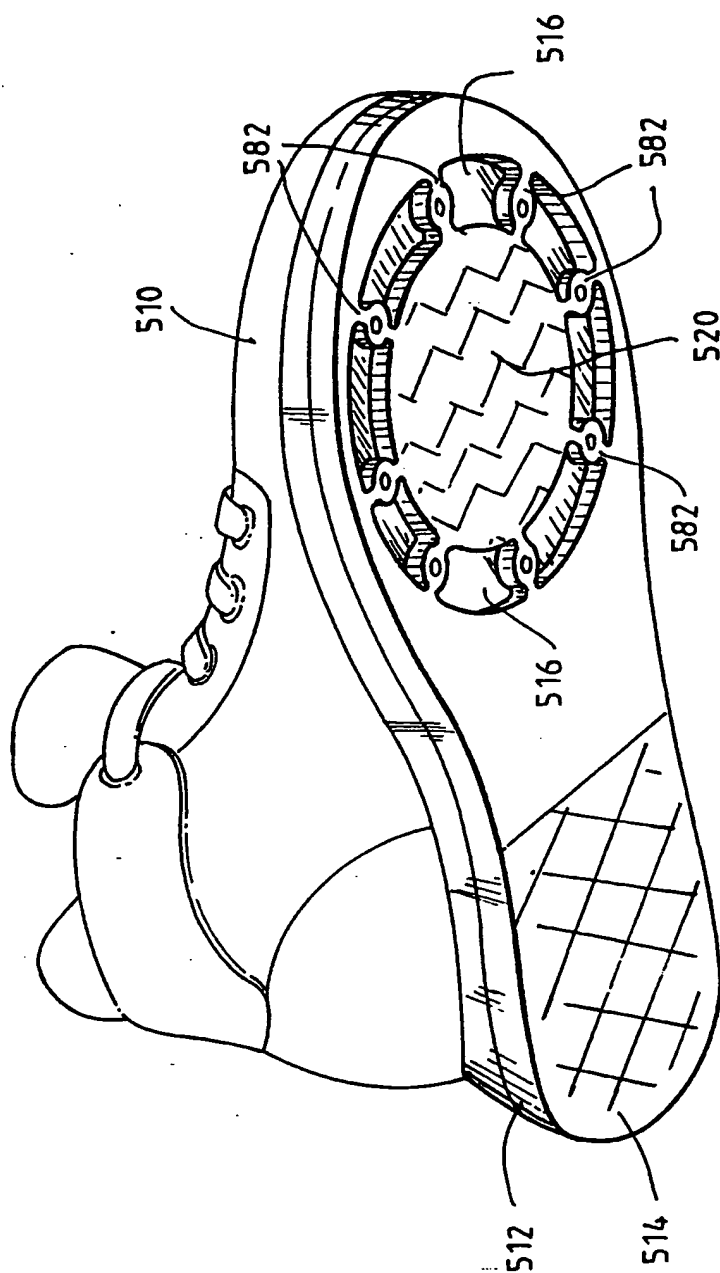
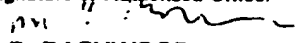


FIG. 11.

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

<b>I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER</b> (If several classification symbols apply, indicate all) <sup>6</sup>				
According to International Patent classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC Int. Cl. <sup>8</sup> A43B 5/00, 5/02, 13/14, 13/26, 13/22				
<b>II. FIELDS SEARCHED</b>				
Minimum Documentation Searched <sup>7</sup>				
Classification System	Classification Symbols			
IPC	A43B 5/00, 5/02, 13/14, 13/26, 13/22			
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are included in the Fields Searched <sup>8</sup>				
AU : IPC as above				
<b>III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT<sup>9</sup></b>				
Category <sup>*</sup>	Citation of Document, <sup>11</sup> with indication, where appropriate of the relevant passages <sup>12</sup>	Relevant to Claim No <sup>13</sup>		
X	AU,A, 34068/89 (P. PITTIGLIO) 9 November 1989 (09.11.89) See page 3	(1,18)		
X	DE,A, 3,622,844 (R. KROHM) 21 January 1988 (21.01.88) See drawings	(1)		
X	US,A, 3,824,710 (EGTVEDT) 23 July 1974 (23.07.74) See Column 1 lines 36-54	(1,18)		
X	US,A, 3,707,047 (NEDWICK) 26 December 1972 (26.12.72) See Fig 1,2 Column 2 lines 20-28	(1,10)		
(continued)				
<p><sup>*</sup> Special categories of cited documents : <sup>10</sup></p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <p>"A" Document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <p>"T" Later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</p> <p>"&amp;" document member of the same patent family</p> </td> </tr> </table>			<p>"A" Document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p>	<p>"T" Later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</p> <p>"&amp;" document member of the same patent family</p>
<p>"A" Document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p>	<p>"T" Later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art</p> <p>"&amp;" document member of the same patent family</p>			
<b>IV. CERTIFICATION</b>				
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search 18 March 1992 (18.03.92)		Date of Mailing of this International Search Report 31 March 1992 (31.03.92)		
International Searching Authority  <b>AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE</b>		Signature of Authorized Officer  <b>B.R. DASHWOOD</b>		

## FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM THE SECOND SHEET

X	GB,A, 1,299, 448 (J.F. DYMOND) 13 December 1972 (13.12.72) See page 1 lines 36-47	(1)
X	GB,A, 1,131,803 (B.M. CAMERON) 30 October 1968 (30.10.68) See Fig 2	(1,10,11,12)
X	FR,A, 2565469 (SOLER) 13 December 1985 (13.12.85) See Fig 1,2	(1)
X	FR 1474358 (LEMM & CO) 24 March 1967 (24.03.67) See Figure	(1)
A	AU,B, 53705/86 (573517) (PUMA) 28 August 1986 (28.08.86)	

V. ☐ OBSERVATIONS WHERE CERTAIN CLAIMS WERE FOUND UNSEARCHABLE <sup>1</sup>

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claim numbers ..., because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☐ Claim numbers ..., because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claim numbers ..., because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of PCT Rule 6.4a

VI. ☐ OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION IS LACKING <sup>2</sup>

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims of the international application.
2. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims of the international application for which fees were paid, specifically claims:
3. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claim numbers:
4. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, the International Searching Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

**ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT ON  
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/AU 91/00590**

This Annex lists the known "A" publication level patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The Australian Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of information.

Patent Document Cited in Search Report		Patent Family Member					
US	3824710	AU	69891/74	CA	1004037	DE	2431991
		FR	2242943	GB	1464628	IT	1015156
		JP	50054447	ZA	7403707		
GB	1299448	AR	192315	AR	192316	BE	760154
		CA	942948	CH	522371	CH	522372
		CH	531846	FR	2104733	FR	2186818
		US	3680231	US	3744160	ZA	7104889
AU	53705/86	BR	8600609	DE	3505665	EP	193024
		JP	61191303	ZA	8600842		